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THE GAZETTE.

JANEVILLE, MONDAY, MARCH 3.

GOVERNOR HOARD'S CRITICS.

A Milwaukee dispatch says that Mr. Edgar W. Coleman, editor of the Milwaukee Herald, a German newspaper, has been in Washington talking about the Bennett law with some of the Wisconsin people. He says he talked with the senators and the representatives on the law, and in regard to the propriety of retiring Governor Hoard without a renomination for his outspoken policy in favoring the Bennett law. Mr. Coleman is credited with saying:

"It is true that I spent several days with our representatives in Washington to ascertain their views in regard to the Bennett law. My first impression was with Secretary Bass, and I knew that it will gladden the hearts of his many friends amongst the so-called 'foreign element' to know that Mr. Bush has authorized me to state that in his opinion the Bennett law was entirely uncalled for, and that if he had been in the Governor's chair when it came up for approval he would not have signed it. But it was not only Secretary Bass who was of the opinion that the law was uncalled for. This was the general expression of the members of Congress whom I met there. I told Senators Spooner and Sawyer that there was great danger of the Bennett law being made an issue in the coming spring election in Milwaukee. Senator Spooner could not comprehend why this should be so, for as far as he knew every one was agreed upon the fact that the republican party was not alone responsible for the passage of the bill. He thought the republican party might bring in the necessity of taking some action in the state convention. This, however, was a matter of future consideration."

To whether the Herald will be Governor Hoard's next fall, Mr. Coleman said: "I do not wish to be understood to say that it would oppose Governor Hoard's renomination if he should condescend to come down from his assumed dictatorial position, but I demand that he shall be honest with us. My visit to Washington was to avoid the rising opposition to the Bennett law. My advice is now, let us be rational in dealing with this question, and let those who can do so anticipate further indignation meetings and further better feelings. That I am not alone in this opinion I can show you by a letter which was given to me for use and publication."

The Gazette prints the foregoing quotation from Mr. Coleman to show how unreasonable, unpatriotic and unjust are the criticisms of the Bennett law. It is so just in its provision, so American in its policy, so righteous and kindly in its effort for the children of foreign-born parents who need the English language, that one would reasonably suppose that not an intelligent person could be found in all Wisconsin, to be German or anything else, who would oppose the law. But those who have a strong desire to keep German children, for instance, in ignorance of the common language of the country, and who prefer a parochial to public schools, are fighting the law and some politicians are in sympathy with them for policy sake.

CAUCUS REFORM.

Several days ago the Hon. James Sutherland wrote an article for the Gazette on caucus reform which attracted very general attention and called out many warm commendations.

It is no doubt true that there is much need of the reform which Mr. Sutherland suggests. The usual method of holding caucuses is not the best way to reach an expression of the electors of a ward in regard to delegates to a convention or candidates for ward or city offices. It is not always convenient for the majority of electors to attend a ward caucus on a given night; and in fact the common caucus method is not of the kind which secures the attendance of the greater portion of voters, at least the experience in Janesville seems to warrant this statement. Then again, there is solid foundation for the remark of Mr. Sutherland: "In some instances, I am aware that there is quite a good attendance upon the caucuses; the most of those present, however, are induced to attend, by a strife between the opposing candidates, who in the first place had thrust themselves forward, and then used every means in their power, whether honest or dishonest, to secure a nomination. Candidates are thus usually brought before the people for their support, and they are left to choose the least of two evils, in voting, or else not vote at all, which latter course is not to be commended."

The report comes from North Dakota that another lottery bill will be introduced in the legislature and rushed through. This is a scare. Since the legislature of North Dakota heard from the country at large there is no danger of a lottery law in that state.

The ballot reform question is one of the great questions of the year. Eight more states are considering the propriety of adopting the Australian system of voting. Four states have already adopted the system—Massachusetts, Indiana, Wisconsin and South Dakota.

It looks as though congress was about to legislate out of existence three thousand little coins, since the house has just ordered the abolition of the one-dollar and three-dollar gold pieces and the three-cent nickel.

Mr. Edison thinks he can invent an instrument that will clearly photograph sound. No one will attempt to argue with Mr. Edison against this thought of his.

To Ford Orange Parade.

OTTAWA, Canada, March 2.—In Parliament the bill for the incorporation of the Royal Orange orders of British North America came up for discussion. Mr. Curran, member of Parliament for Montreal, an Irish Roman Catholic and Conservative, moved an amendment. It was to the effect that no procession would be allowed in provinces where the provincial authorities or laws may object. This amendment also contains one or two other features objectionable to Orangemen.

They will make a big fight and a long and lively debate may be expected shortly.

William J. Thorn Dead.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., March 2.—William J. Thorn, the leading criminal lawyer for the Hudson river valley, died here this morning.

but ward politicians who couldn't grind their axes under such a reform system secured its abandonment. Now let it come again, and come to stay.

THE RACE QUESTION.

The southern people have made the race question one of serious difficulty, and it seems to be getting more difficult as the years come and go. In a communication to the Christian Union, Mr. Frances Sparhawk gives the southern spirit regarding the race question by quoting from the speech of Senator Butler, of South Carolina.

Mr. Butler's speech in the senate is defense of his bill providing for the emancipation of the colored people who was as execrable as the logic used on that side of the question as we shall be likely to find. And few advocates of this measure are more delightfully frank, or, as it is sometimes put, more freely "give themselves away." Mr. Butler is not likely to jeopardize Americans in any way. He believes in unreleasing, unforgiving, race prejudice. He argues that, besides it being best for the white man that the negro should go to the south for the negro's own good, and the negro's attempt to prove this latter point is as amateurish as it is ingenious.

The speaker looked up and saw standing before him the boy who described in the dispatch. The speaker inquired the time of the next train for Atchison, and asked where he could put up for the night. The operator directed him to a hotel, where the "slick un" took a room without registering, requesting that he be called at 5 o'clock in the morning in time for the Atchison train. Local Police Officers Smith and Summersfield were informed by the operator of the presence of the stranger at the hotel.

Arming themselves with Winchester rifles they went to the hotel, waited under the "slick un's" window until 12 o'clock, and then, going to the hotel office, acquainted the proprietor with their intention to arrest his guest. A bell boy was sent to the stranger's room with the message that it was 5:30 o'clock and the revolver to catch the Atchison train. When the stranger descended to the office he was confronted by the police officers with Winchester rifles pointed squarely at his breast. He never quivered but looked ingloriously around.

"Throw up your hands!" commanded Officer Smith. The stranger seemed to realize his situation then, but, instead of obeying the command, he thrust a hand in either side pocket of his overcoat. The revolver which only a few hours before had been pointed at Cashier Cohn, of the Valley Falls Bank, the stranger made the motion toward his weapons both Winchesters were discharged instantly at his breast. The stranger fell dead with one bullet through his heart and another through the right lung.

The money taken from the bank was found in the dead man's boots and pockets. The name of the robber was found to be Robertson.

WHO KILLED F. C. BENWELL?

Mystery Surrounding the Death of an Englishman at Princeton, Ont.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 3.—J. Burchell, who identified the body of the murdered man found near Princeton, Ont., as that of F. C. Benwell, of London, England, has been arrested here on suspicion of being the murderer.

Benwell, a bachelor and wife, and a young man named Pelley, formerly an English party which came to America on the steamer Britannic. All came here subsequently. Benwell is alleged to have gone West, and Pelley went to New York and arrived here yesterday morning. He was taken to Police Magistrate Hill's office, where a private consultation was held, after which Benwell was arrested.

It has been learned since the arrest that Burchell was in this place one year ago, accompanied by his wife, the same woman who is with him now, and stopped at the Imperial hotel, registering as Mr. and Mrs. Somerseth. They arrived at midnight and remained a day or two. Upon their return on Feb. 19 last they went to the same hotel. The proprietor recognized them. They renewed their acquaintance, but Somerseth was too anxious of his good family connections and his coming on this trip to trade horses, he took the name of Benwell and wished to be known by that alias.

GEORGE BROWN'S STEALINGS.

A Deficiency of Over \$1,700,000 Found in His Account.

BOSTON, MASS., March 3.—A deficiency of over \$1,700,000 has been found in the books of George P. Brown, head of the big wool firm of Brown, Steen & Clark, and owner of the Riverside and Overlook mills, whose failure and subsequent flight last summer created such a sensation.

An expert accountant found the books in a demoralized condition, and it took months to ascertain the exact condition of affairs. Brown had handled immense sums in his official capacity. In the last four years he had deposited \$50,000,000 in two banks, to say nothing of deposits in five other banks. The books showed a balance account for \$1,700,000 beyond the fact that the money had been withdrawn by Brown. Where that big sum has gone only Mr. Brown knows.

UNMASKED A VILLAIN.

Alleged Misdeeds of a Professed Clergyman in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The Times prints a story of an alleged villain in the garb of a clergyman who is said to have advanced to girls in various situations and when he got them in his toils accomplished their downfall.

In one part of the city he was known as Dr. Towne, a physician, and in another as the Rev. C. B. Cahusac, engaged in mission work. The Times says he was brought into the office of that paper and confronted with the evidence of his guilt and promised to leave town if the matter was suppressed. He is said to be now employed in Kinsley's restaurant on Adams street.

DISFIGURED FOR LIFE.

An Innocent Man Made to Suffer for Another's Misdeeds.

TROY, N.Y., March 3.—William Francis, of the drug firm of Moncrief & Francis, was summarily assaulted last night on Congress street by John Kirkpatrick, who mistook him for a man who was the paramour of his wife, from whom he separated two weeks ago. Kirkpatrick, who is a son of Alexander Kirkpatrick, who for many years the publisher of the Troy Daily Whig, used a large pair of shears. Francis is disfigured for life.

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AN UNMASKED VILLAIN.

The Mystery Surrounding the Death of an Englishman at Princeton.

THE KANSAS BANK ROBBER OVERTAKEN BY JUSTICE.

He Is Detected by an Operator and Shot While Resisting Arrest—Other Crimes.

VALERIE FALLS, KAN., March 3.—"I'm a slick un!" Telegraph Operator Taylor heard those words addressed by a stranger Saturday night while he was receiving messages at the railway station. He paid no attention to the remark until he had completed the message on which he was engaged, which read as follows:

"MERIDEN, KAN., March 3.—I'm a slick un!" Telegraph Operator Taylor heard those words addressed by a stranger Saturday night while he was receiving messages at the railway station.

He paid no attention to the remark until he had completed the message on which he was engaged, which read as follows:

"VALERIE FALLS, KAN., March 1.—To THE SHERIFF, MERIDEN, KAN.: Hicks & Gephart's bank was robbed this evening of \$3,000. The robber is unknown, but his description is as follows: Blonde, light hair and mustache, blue eyes, height five feet 11 inches, of medium weight. SHERIFF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

The operator looked up and saw standing before him the boy who described in the dispatch.

The sheriff inquired the time of the next train for Atchison, and asked where he could put up for the night. The operator directed him to a hotel, where the "slick un"

WHAT UNCLE SAM OWES.

Synopsis of the Government Debt As It Stood on the 1st of March.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Following is a synopsis of the statement of the government debt at the beginning of the month:

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

Bonds at 4% per cent. \$10,447,250

Bonds at 3% per cent. 613,443,650

Refunding certificates at 4 per cent. 108,329

Pension fund at 3 per cent. 18,000,000

Pacific railroad bonds at 6 per cent. 64,623,512

Principal \$813,653,032

Interest..... 7,414,171

Total \$821,067,203

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Principal \$1,823,885

Interest..... 150,485

Total \$1,984,370

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Old demand and legal tender notes \$34,757,455

Certificates of deposit 10,230,000

Gold certificates 130,004,804

Silver certificates 284,176,329

Fractional currency, less \$8,575

63, estimated as lost or destroyed 6,013,744

Principal 778,662,398

TOTAL DEBT.

Principal \$1,501,149,186

Interest..... 7,563,605

Total \$1,508,713,842

Less cash items available for reduction of debt \$1,067,304,114

Net cash in the treasury 32,756,584

Debt less cash in the treasury \$1,034,547,536

Debt less cash in the treasury 1,049,707,016

Decrease of debts during month 6,159,486

Decrease of debt since Jan. 30, 1890 42,099,911

CASH IN THE TREASURY AVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Gold held for gold securities actually outstanding 139,604,894

Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding 284,176,329

United States notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding 10,330,000

Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid 9,398,541

Fractional currency 12,500

Total available for reduction of the debt \$434,469,727

RESERVE FUND.

Held for redemption of United States notes, acts Jan. 14, 1875, and July 12, 1882 \$100,000,000

UNAVAILABILITY FOR REDUCTION OF THE DEBT.

Fractional silver coin 22,758,329

Minor coin 212,560

Total \$22,971,080

Certificates held as cash 32,756,584

Net cash balance on hand 32,756,584

Pears' Soap

Fair white hands.
Bright clear complexion
Soft healthful skin.
"PEARS"—The Great English Complexion SOAP.—Sold Everywhere.

STOVES, STOVES.

Notwithstanding all manufacturers have advanced prices. We shall for

THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Make Prices on all Stoves that will pay anybody wanting a Stove within the coming year to investigate,

As we want room for our Spring Goods. Also a full line of

Builders' Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Tin, Agate, & Granite

Iron Ware, and Housekeeping Goods Generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors.

The CHALLENGE ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS, ETC. We also

Do All Kinds of Tin and Solid Iron Work, Cornices, Window Trimmings

Furnaces, Heating, Etc.

All at Prices as Low as First Class work and material will allow.

GRIEWOLD & SANBORN, 28 South Main St.

Hanchett & Sheldon

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the largest and

BEST SELECTED STOCK OF HARDWARE.

IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS

Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties in Stoves this season may be found the celebrated

WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER

Favorite, Wood and Coal Ranges, Favorite, Oak and the

Best and Cheaper Lines of Coal and Wood Heaters in the Market

Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

The Grand Oil Heater.

The marvel of the age, constantly in operation.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office, Room 12, second floor in the Jackman Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company.

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am.

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

BINDERY!

Gazette:

Steam - Bindery,

IS NOW

Prepared to Do All Classes of Work

On short notice. The bindery makes

a specialty of

FINE - WORK

of all kinds

Ruling and Blank Book

Work done to order.

Law Books, Magazines, Medical Works, Pamphlets

BINDERY

THE TARIFF SCHEDULE.

PROSPECTS OF AN EARLY REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE.

Some of the Duties That Will be Recommended—Other News from the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The tariff bill will be reported to the House from the ways and means committee about March 15. It is now so nearly complete that a correct general idea of its scope and effect can be had. The chief features of the bill will be its agricultural features. There are to be duties of 30 per cent. on barley and malt, 20 cents a pound on hops, 20 cents a bushel on apples, and larger proportional duties on fruits, dried and fresh, and an impost of 10 cents a dozen eggs, of which 14,000,000 dozen, valued at \$2,500,000, are annually imported from Canada and Scotland. The present duty on button is left at 40 per cent.

The bill schedule as at present constituted (and it will probably remain unchanged) providing that on first-class or clothing wool the duty shall be 11 cents a pound; on second-class, or combing, 13 cents a pound; on third-class, or carpet wools, 2½ cents a pound on wool worth at place of export 15 cents a pound and 8 cents on wool worth more than 15 cents. This is an increase on the present rate, which provides for a different rate on carper wool worth 12 cents or less at the place of export and 5 cents on carper wool worth more than 12 cents.

The present rate on clothing wools is 10 cents a pound when worth 30 cents or less and 12 cents when worth more than 30 cents. On woolen and worsted yarns the new bill imposes a duty per pound of three and a half times the duty on a pound of unwashed wool of the first class and in addition thereto 40 per cent. value added.

The sugar question has given the committee a great deal of trouble. The duty of from 2 to 3½ cents now imposed upon sugar will be reduced. If it were not for the fact that parties interested in the production of sugar from sorghum or beets are confident of the rapid development of these industries in the United States the committee would make a much larger cut in sugar than they have. In the present plan of the bill, however, there is no provision for a duty on sugar produced here. It is also understood that the refiners are to have ½ cent per pound on refined sugar in addition. That is to say, the duty will be ½ cent per pound on the raw sugar up to and including No. 10, polariscope test, then ¾ cent per pound added on refined sugar.

The Western members were so determined in favor of a rapid reduction that the committee was obliged to make some concession. It is said that Major McKinley favored a straight cut of 50 per cent. and not one-half cent.

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The committee has not yet decided its course in regard to the internal revenue taxes. It is said that Major McKinley favored a straight cut of 50 per cent. and no bounty. That would have left sugar at about 40 per cent. The duty on steel rails will be about \$13 a ton, as against the present duty of \$17, although the Western members of the ways and means committee have endeavored to have it cut down to \$10.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

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| Chicago & Northwestern. | DEPART. |
| For Chicago..... | 8:30 A.M. |
| For Milwaukee..... | 12:30 P.M. |
| For Chicago..... | 12:30 A.M. |
| For Beloit and Caledonia..... | 6:20 A.M. |
| For Beloit and Waukesha..... | 6:30 A.M. |
| For Beloit and Rockford..... | 2:30 P.M. |
| For Chicago, Beloit and Green Bay..... | 2:30 P.M. |
| For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay..... | 12:30 P.M. |
| For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay..... | 2:30 P.M. |
| For Evansville, Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)..... | 2:30 A.M. |
| For Milwaukee, Madison and St. Paul and Winona (old line)..... | 2:30 P.M. |
| For Chicago, Clinton and Sharon (driving car)..... | 5:30 P.M. |
| For Beloit, Beloit, DeKalb, Ogle, Rockford and Freeport..... | 1:30 P.M. |
| For Beloit..... | 8:30 A.M. |
| For Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north..... | 8:15 A.M. |

ARRIVE.

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| From Beloit and Rockford..... | 8:40 A.M. |
| From Beloit and Caledonia..... | 8:40 P.M. |
| From Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay..... | 8:45 P.M. |
| From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Waterford..... | 11:30 A.M. |
| From Great Bay, Oshkosh and Waterford..... | 12:30 P.M. |
| From Chicago..... | 8:45 P.M. |
| From Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)..... | 8:45 A.M. |
| From Madison, Evansville and St. Paul and Winona (old line)..... | 8:45 P.M. |
| From Chicago, Charon and Clinton..... | 2:30 A.M. |
| From Beloit, Rockford, Belvidere and La Salle..... | 2:30 P.M. |
| From Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north..... | 8:40 P.M. |
| From Milwaukee and Waukesha..... | 9:30 P.M. |

Arrive.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.

M. RUGGERT, Gen'l. Pass. Agent.

E. P. WILSON, General Passenger Agent.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

TRAINS LEAVE.

| | |
|---|-----------|
| For Milton (mixed)..... | 5:50 P.M. |
| For Milwaukee, Oshkosh and Winona (new line)..... | 6:05 P.M. |
| For Milwaukee, Oshkosh and Winona (old line)..... | 6:05 P.M. |
| For Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)..... | 6:15 P.M. |
| For Madison and St. Paul and Winona (old line)..... | 6:15 P.M. |

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|---|-----------|
| For Milton (mixed)..... | 5:50 P.M. |
| For Milwaukee, Oshkosh and Winona (new line)..... | 6:05 P.M. |
| For Milwaukee, Oshkosh and Winona (old line)..... | 6:05 P.M. |
| For Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)..... | 6:15 P.M. |
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THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

SMITH & GATELEY

Choice seasoned second growth Black and White Oak, Hard and Soft Maple, White Ash, Basswood, Popple, Pine Slabs and Pine Kindling. All wood sawed and split to suit.

All grades of Soft Coal for steam and domestic use.

The best Scranton Coal—all sizes. Prepared Coke for domestic use.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Call at Anderson & Powell's office over First National Bank if you want to buy or sell real estate, or borrow or loan money.

The American Mutual Accident Association of Oshkosh, Wis., wants a good live agent to work in Janesville and vicinity. This is the best association in the state and the only one that issues policies on the tonine plan.

Cheap Groceries.

Hundreds have taken advantage of my "Cut Prices" in the last ten days. Now I give you all something else for this week:

All "Fancy Patent" flour..... \$1.20
"Cream," (Best family flour used). 1.10
"Vimna"..... 1.05
15 lbs. Granulated sugar..... 1.00
16 lbs. White C sugar..... 1.00
"Banana" Hams, Beef and Bacon..... 12½
(Every piece guaranteed.)

24 Bars Babbit soap..... 1.00
24 Bars O. C. soap..... 1.00
24 Bars Lunen soap..... 1.00
Genuine Imp. French Peas..... 12½

Tomatoes at 5 and 10 cents, and Colunus River Salmon at 15 cents. Here are three "drives" for only this week: I am also giving with each pound of Tea, articles that cost you 8 to 10 pounds at the so-called tea stores.

FRED VANKIRK,
(The People's Grocer.)

For Sale—A good Holstein cow, three years old; also new single harness.

WALTER HELMS,
36 South Main street.

A few more diaries for 1890 for sale cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

For Sale.

Two beautiful lots on Milton avenue cheap for cash. Inquire at 129 Milton avenue.

Look—At those choice lots in the first ward for sale by D. CONGER.

Chains matings, 100 pieces just opened J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

More new goods received at Whee lock. Hand engraved table tumblers 60 cents a dozen of several patterns. Sleds 50 cents.

Wonderful Cheap.

3 lots 13d stard at one-half real value if taken this week. J. G. SAXE.

New spring styles of wall papers, borders and curtains, just received, direct from manufacturers, at J. Sutherland & Son's Bookstore. Splendid goods. Call and see them.

Linoleum—20 pieces recently received for floors in offices, dining rooms, etc. Nothing equals it for hard wear.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Our stock of building material is now complete in every respect. Parties expecting to build the coming season should call and get our prices before placing their orders. We will please you both as to quality and price.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES,

We would inform our customers that we now have a supply of our superior black ice wool, China silk, embroidery, flounces, etc. SROON & SNYDER.

Ladies clean our kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Burns & Boland's dry goods store.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

A new lot of wood just received, including Red maple, second growth body oak, etc.; which will be sold at lowest living prices.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

For extra grades of hard and soft coal, call on David K. Jeffries.

Kindling, cut stove-lengths, \$1.50 per load, at Thoroughgood & Co.'s box factory.

For RENT—House No. 205 Division street, near high school, Wm. Ross.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. D. CONGER.

For RENT—A front room at 101 Park Place facing the court house on rent. Inquire on the premises.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land.

To RENT—Elegant office in the Phelps block and engraving the Bennett block centrally located. Inquire at the insurance office of Silas Hayner.

Chas. WISCH
The barber, employs none but first class workmen, has the largest shop in the city with good bath rooms attached. Call and see him, Phelps block, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

Call for Venus Flour.

Ask your grocer for Pearl White Flour. Crown Jewel and White Leaf Flour are both choice brands.

Money to loan on long time with good security. MERCAL & CROFT.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Ziegler's for bargains in clothing.

Letter impression books cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

FOR SALE CHEAP

It taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

VERY ATTRACTIVE—Our stock of car pets for the spring trade. We bought them early, have our line complete and are ready for business—various large, designs artistic, coloring new, prices low. We want you to see our extensive lay-out before you buy. Give us an opportunity to show you.

BRIEFLETS.

Regular drill night of the Janesville Light Infantry. If you fail to register you will be deprived of your vote on election day. Read Fred Vankirk's ad in another column, and call on him for bargains in groceries.

Frank George, formerly a clerk in the Chicago Store, is now in the employ of J. M. Bostwick & Sons.

The Royal Adelphias assemble in regular semi-monthly meeting this evening at the usual place of meeting.

The boards of registry will meet in their respective precincts to-morrow. See that your name is properly registered.

The watch raffled at Mahon's restaurant Saturday evening was won by the Needham Bros., of the Riverside Laundry.

Among the pensions granted on Saturday by the United States pension bureau, was one to Myron H. Gibbs, of this city.

Notice of funeal will be given later. Albert Green.

Albert Green, a student at Valentine's Telegraph school, died at his boarding place at the residence of Mrs. Bevitt D. Fisher, No. 9 South Academy street, Saturday evening. Mr. Green was a resident of Keota, Iowa, and had been attending school here but a short time, pneumonia brought on by the grip being the direct cause of his death. His father had been with him for several days. Deceased was twenty-two years of age and unmarried.

The remains were taken to Keota, Iows, for interment.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Louisa Byers, wife of James H. Byers, died at her home in the town of Janesville, yesterday morning at half past eleven, aged 65 years. Mrs. Byers had been sick about two weeks with pneumonia, brought on by the grip. Deceased was one of the old settlers, having been a resident of Rock county for 35 years. She was born in New York state on the eighteenth day of April, 1825, and removed to Rock county in 1855. She leaves beside a husband three children to mourn her death—two daughters, one of whom resides at the homestead, and the other in the town of Harmonia; and one son, Mr. B. H. Byers, of this city.

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PERSONAL.

R. D. Hepp is visiting relatives and friends in Waukesha.

Hon. E. D. Cox, of the Whitewater Register, is in the city to day.

Miss Louise Sanderson, of Brodhead, is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Margaret Grant, who has been seriously ill, is rapidly recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Cummings, of Evansville, spent Sunday in the city.

The Odd Fellows gave one of their parties for members of the order and their families at Odd Fellows hall Saturday evening. The attendance was good and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

Lowe's Theater company passed through the city this morning enroute for Milton Junction where they play Uncle Tom's Cabin to-night. They were joined here by Clarence Burdick who takes a leading part.

The Grant County Herald, published at Lancaster, Wisconsin, one of the oldest established papers in the state, now in its forty-eighth year, comes out in a neat quarto form, making one of the handsomest weeklies in Wisconsin.

The funeral of little Nellie Rowan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Rowan, was held from St. Patrick's church at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the Rev. E. M. McGinnity officiating. The attendance was very large. The interment was made at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

J. C. Church, Clinton's hustling grain buyer, and D. M. Phillips, proprietor of the Clinton livery stable, were in the city to-day. They were registered at the Park.

Quite a number of Beloit people came up to this city yesterday to get a few pointers on life in a metropolis. Among others were Mr. E. G. Richards, Richard Gordon, D. C. Beard, G. B. Ingoldsby, J. W. Wright, Miss Ellis Bort, Miss Ethel Bliss, George K. Hand and U. V. Adams, of the Beloit academy, S. M. Garrison and O. N. Buckley.

Mrs. John C. Beers.
"Never fear God to Thee."
Nearer to Thee."

Mrs. John C. Beers, notice of whose serious illness has been made in the Gazette, died at her home, 66 Chatham street, first ward, this morning. Deceased was born July 26th, 1813, and was there for seventeen years of age. She was an exemplary Christian lady, having been a constant member of the Baptist church all her life, dedicating her work to the Great Master. Her husband precessed her to their heavenly home in 1876. She leaves a family of six children, one son and five daughters—Mrs. E. G. Crandall, of Chicago; Mrs. Addie Dewey, Mrs. Mary Aschafft, of this city; Mrs. Elizabeth Haller and Mrs. Julia McDonald, San Francisco; Mr. Lafayette G. Beers, of this city—besides a large circle of friends who will mourn her death.

The notice of the funeral will be given later.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

Nineteen New Members Received on Sunday—Looking for a Site for a New Building.

The First Presbyterian church publicly received on Sunday, March 23, nineteen new members, of whom seven were received on profession of faith. A number of others will apply for admission in June. The Gazette is pleased hear that the Presbyterian society is now contemplating the erection of a new church, the society being now carefully considering the question of the best available site for the new edifice, and that the members of the church expect to have a new and commodious church home in the comparatively near future.

There will be a special meeting of the Presbyterian church and society to be held at the church, next Tuesday evening, March 6th, at 8 o'clock.

In the new method of voting, elections will probably be carried on more honestly. Votes will not be bought so frequently. A man will not care to trust one who can be bought, to go into a booth alone with himself and God, and vote as he has been paid to do. This law gives the city the first chance it has ever had or at least for years, to decide the question for itself. It is the right of a city or county to decide the question. A few have no right to tempt others, and it is the right of a government to protect its people in every way. It is the first and only real reason a government has for existing. People have natural gifts from God which are protection, physical power, voice, appetite, love and others. Has the government the right to permit these to be destroyed? When they are changed from the normal to the abnormal condition as liquor changes them, they are no longer a protection.

The Paris Figaro recently gave the first announcement in France that Alphonse Daudet's new Tartarian serial "Porteuse" is to be published in an English translation exclusively in Harper's Magazine, before it appears in its original form in France. The Figaro gives the most significant event for the future of French and American literary relations; and as it to explain how this unique enterprise was possible, it assures its readers that Harper's Magazine has the same standing and influence in America as the *Revue des Deux Mondes* in France—with this difference, that the American periodical counts a hundred more subscribers.

Murat Hilsted will begin in the April number of the Cosmopolitan, the conduct of a new department called "Review of Current Events," in which he will discuss the leading topics of the day with a non-partisan touch. The same number will contain the first article by Miss Eastland upon her "Flying Trip Around the World;" "The Fighting Forces of Germany," by Poulton Bigelow; and "The WEATHER.

FOR Wisconsin—Fair Weather—Variable Winds—Slightly Warmer.

At seven o'clock Sunday morning the thermometer indicated 25 degrees below zero. Clear with north wind. At one o'clock p.m. the register was 16 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy with south wind. For the corresponding hours last year the register was 23 and 41 degrees above zero. At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 6 degrees below zero. Clear with southwest wind. At one o'clock p.m. the register was 30 degrees above zero. Clear with southwest wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 23 and 41 degrees above zero.

Rev. J. Slidell, formerly rector of St. Paul's in Hudson, is now the popular pastor of Trinity, one of the oldest churches in Janesville. The Star gives him high marks.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. W. H. SOUTHERN'S Syrup should always be used for children's teeth. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 2c a bottle.

Pear's soap secures a beautiful complexion.

TEMPERANCE WORKERS.

They Hold an Interesting Union Service at the First M. E. Church.

THE SPEAKERS FAVOR SUBMITTING THE QUESTION
OF "License" or "No License" to a Vote of the People at the Spring Election.

A very large number of people assembled in the First Methodist church last evening, the occasion being the Union Temperance meeting of the orthodox churches. It was expected that Mr. Palmer, of Iowa, would be present to address the meeting, but by some cause not fully explained she was not present. The meeting was made very interesting, however, by the several pastors who addressed the people on the temperance question.

THEY SPEAK IN PRAISE.

Of Janesville, Her People, and Her Flourishing Manufacturing Establishments.

[From the Wausau Torch of Liberty.]

On Monday afternoon, February 17th, accompanied by the domestic department of the Torch, we left this city by the St. Paul road, enroute for Janesville, to attend the annual winter gathering of the so-called "pillars of intelligence." At Centralia we were joined by A. L. Fountain, of the Reporter, and his genial, always gentlemanly sociability, did much to drive away the weariness of travel. Our party reached Janesville on Tuesday, about 9:30 o'clock, and as the meeting did not open until evening, we had a few hours to devote to the scenes of interest in beautiful Janesville. Regrettably the Windsor, a new and very pleasant hotel, we enjoyed an excellent dinner, and then struck out to take in the town.

Janesville is situated on both banks of the Rock river, and in the city Jim's there are five bridges crossing that noble stream. It is nicely laid out and substantially built. The buildings being mostly of solid brick, and from two to five stories high. It has a system of water works, fed by artesian wells, and regular pressure being preserved by a stand pipe, and the water distributed through fifteen miles of mains. The city has two fine water powers, one mile apart, over thirty manufacturing establishments, fifteen tobacco warehouses, six grain elevators, five weekly newspapers and two daily, three carriage fast-wares, two cotton factories, a large woolen mill, agricultural implement factories, two shoe factories, two furniture factories, two cigar box factories, planing mill, flouring mill, cigar manufacturers, foundries and other industrial institutions too numerous to mention.

The Rev. Mr. Wilder, of the Congregational church, followed as the next speaker, and said he fully endorsed every word spoken by Mr. Brown. Each individual has his own duty to perform, and influence over something else. Because of that he must stand firm for the right. It is the duty of the strong to protect the weak and the young. We do not expect to find the men who do this to be keepers of saloons. A saloon-keeper, although he may not drink to excess himself and may otherwise be a good citizen, is constantly forcing temptation before the young. Shall the law permit a few to tempt the mass? Look at the sixty saloons of this city, and then look at the number of grocery, dry goods and drugstores. Everyone is dependent upon the latter, but how few comparatively on the saloons. Suppose the city had up to this time been perfectly free from this cause. Let a saloon be suddenly opened and in a month the people, after watching its influence and effects, would tolerate it no longer. A young man was killed on the railroad track. He was drunk. Not long after a girl was killed on the railroad bridge. She was drunk. There was no stir made in either case. Why? Because the people are so accustomed to that sort of thing that it creates no more than a passing notice. The desirable results may be obtained by voting that there shall be no license and then electing officers that will carry the law into effect. All saloon keepers do not use the back door on Sunday, but openly break the law.

Each man and woman must exert his manhood and her womanhood to prevent the growth and put down this curse in our land.

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